Power Converters

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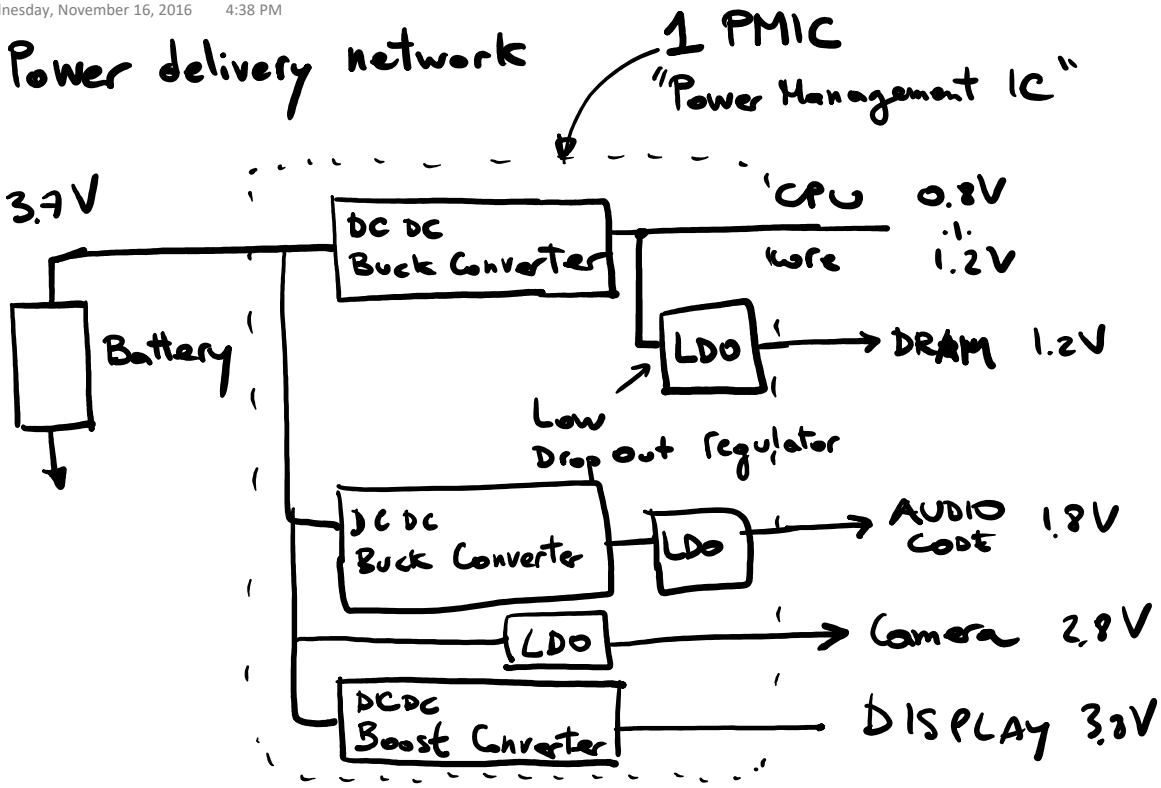
- Power delivery network



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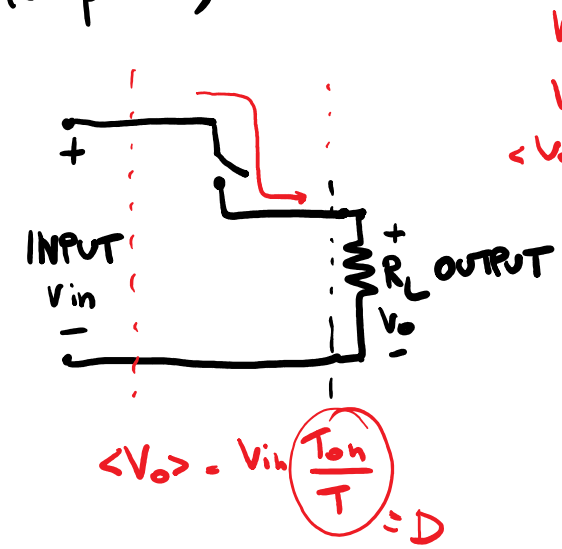
Buck Converter

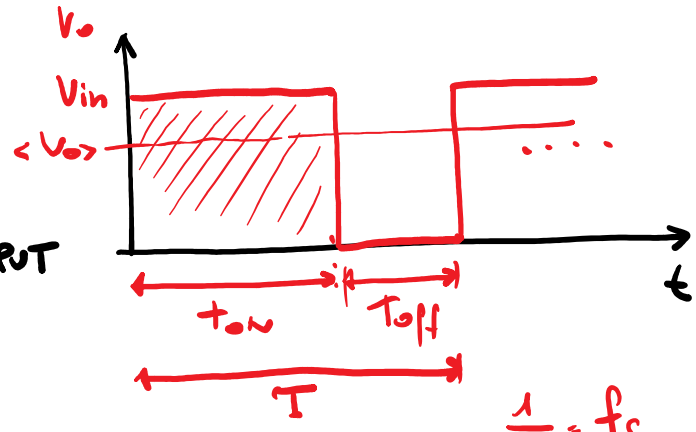
(Step Down)

[Switching Regulator]

only reactive elements L, C

and switches





$\langle V_o \rangle = V_{in} \frac{T_{on}}{T} = D$

$\frac{1}{T} = f_s$ ↑

Switching frequency

BUCK CONVERTER

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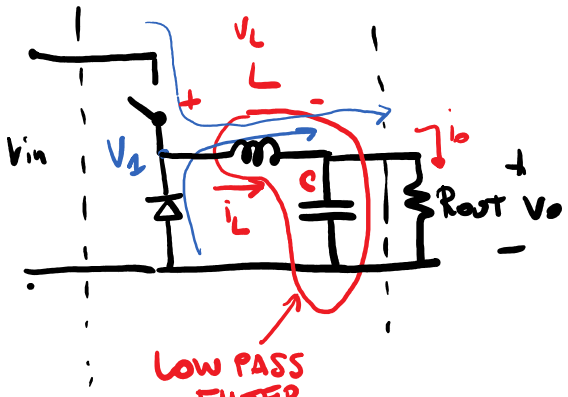
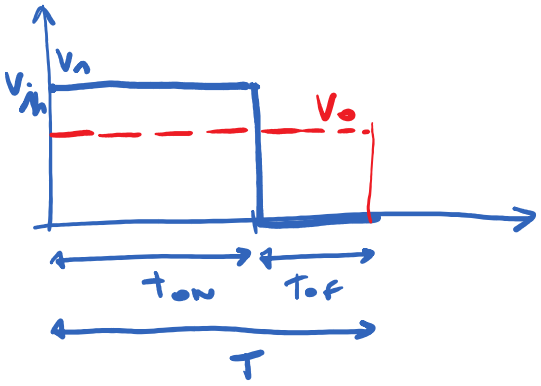


$$\langle V_o \rangle = \underbrace{\frac{T_{on}}{T}}_{D} V_{in} = V_o$$



$f_s \gg f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$

cut off frequency

$$V_L = L\frac{di_L}{dt}$$

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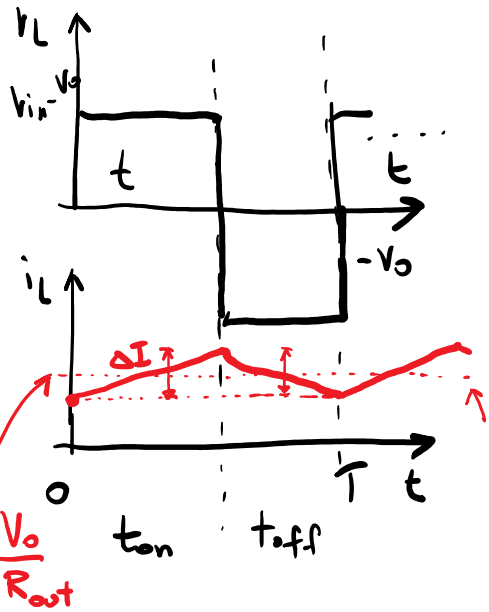
t_{on}: $V_L = V_{in} - V_o \rightarrow \frac{di_L}{dt} = \frac{V_L}{L} = \frac{V_{in}-V_o}{L}$

t_{off}: $V_L = -V_o \rightarrow \frac{di_L}{dt} = \frac{V_L}{L} = -\frac{V_o}{L}$



$$\underbrace{\frac{V_{in}-V_o}{L} \cdot t_{on}}_{\Delta I} = \frac{V_o}{L} t_{off} = \frac{V_o}{L}(T - T_{on})$$

$$\boxed{V_o = \frac{T_{on}}{T} V_{in}}$$

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Limit of continuous conduction

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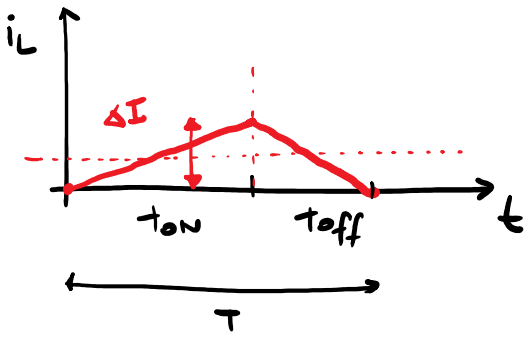


in the limit

$$\Delta I = 2 i_o$$

$$\frac{V_{in} - V_o}{L} t_{on} = 2 i_o$$

$t_{on} = DT$

$$V_o = \frac{t_{on}}{T} V_{in}$$

D

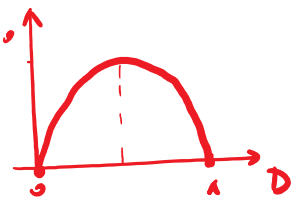
$$\frac{V_{in}(1-D)DT}{L} = 2 i_o$$

current at the limit of continuous conduction

$$\rightarrow i_o = \frac{V_{in} T}{2L} D(1-D)$$

$$i_o = i_{o_{max}} \, 4D(1-D)$$

$$i_{o_{max}} = \frac{V_{in} T}{8L}$$



Discontinuous conduction

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